

Bernard Charbonneau Bibliography

Summaries by Christian Roy

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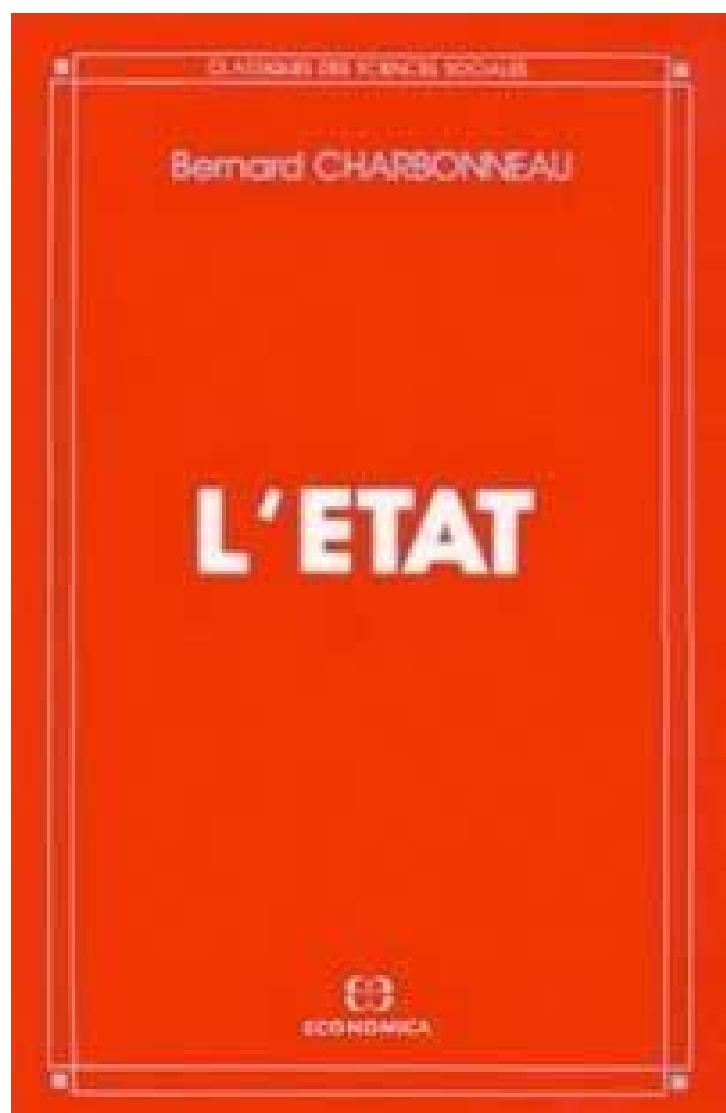
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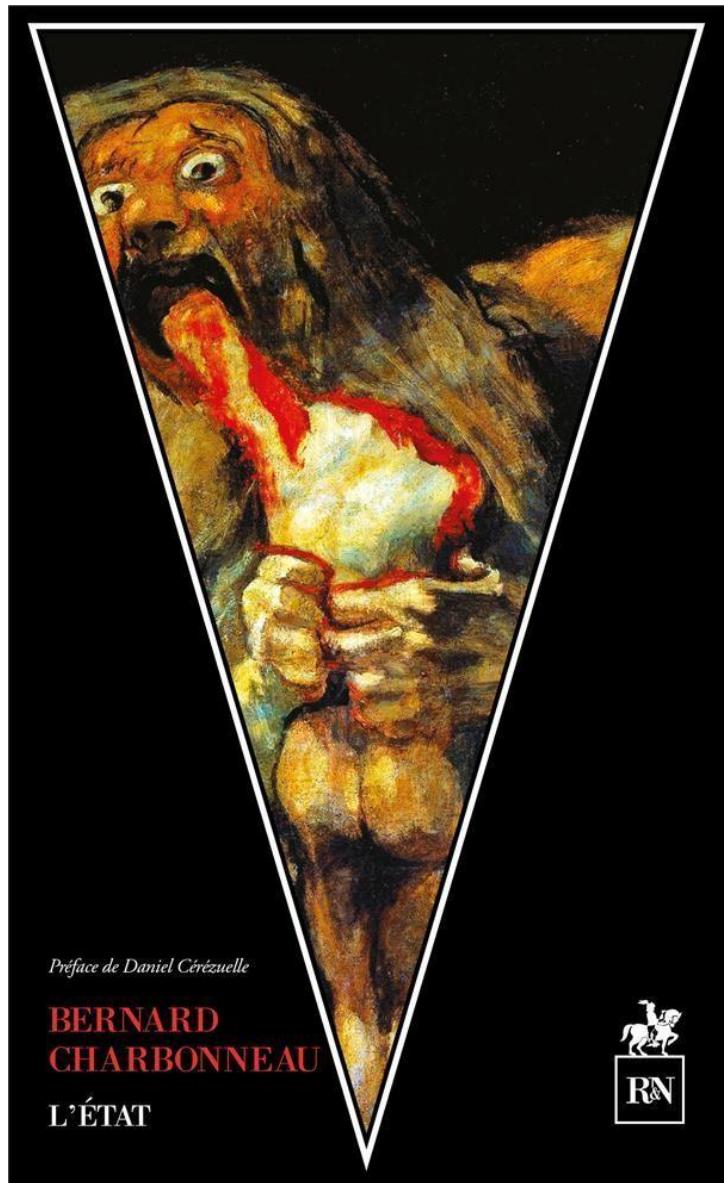
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Books in Chronological Order of Publication

1949: L'État





(*The State*.) Self-published, 1949; Paris: Economica, “Classiques des Sciences sociales” series, 1987, 1999. Paris: R & N, 2020.

Bernard Charbonneau felt the fetish of the State was such a pervasive hindrance to all critical thought and constructive action that, insisting on tackling it himself, he delegated to Ellul the task of writing the book on his own discovery of Technique. As a kind of historical and theoretical counterpart of Orwell’s *1984*, written at the same time, *L’État* still had to wait forty years to find a proper publisher, despite Ellul’s best efforts to promote it when it first came out as one of Charbonneau’s many samizdat, only available on demand from the author.

1963: Teilhard de Chardin, prophète d’un âge totalitaire

BERNARD CHARBONNEAU

Teilhard de Chardin

prophète d'un âge totalitaire

essai



EDITIONS DENOËL

(*Teilhard de Chardin, Prophet of a Totalitarian Age.*) Paris: Denoël, 1963 (reissued 1981).

A rare critical voice amidst the posthumous vogue of the Jesuit paleontologist and his technophile theodicy —making Christ the Omega Point of the emergent collective mind of evolution as Progress, Charbonneau's deconstruction of this seductively pseudo-Christian and falsely humanistic ideology is a still potent, scathing indictment of the patron saint of today's Transhumanist movement, that can help expose the latter's disturbing implications.

1965: Le paradoxe de la culture

Bernard Charbonneau

Le Paradoxe de la Culture

Essai



Denoël

(*The Paradox of Culture.*) Paris: Denoël, 1965 (reissued 1981).
Later updated and integrated into *Nuit et jour*, see below.

1966: Dimanche et lundi

Bernard Charbonneau

**Dimanche
et lundi**

essai

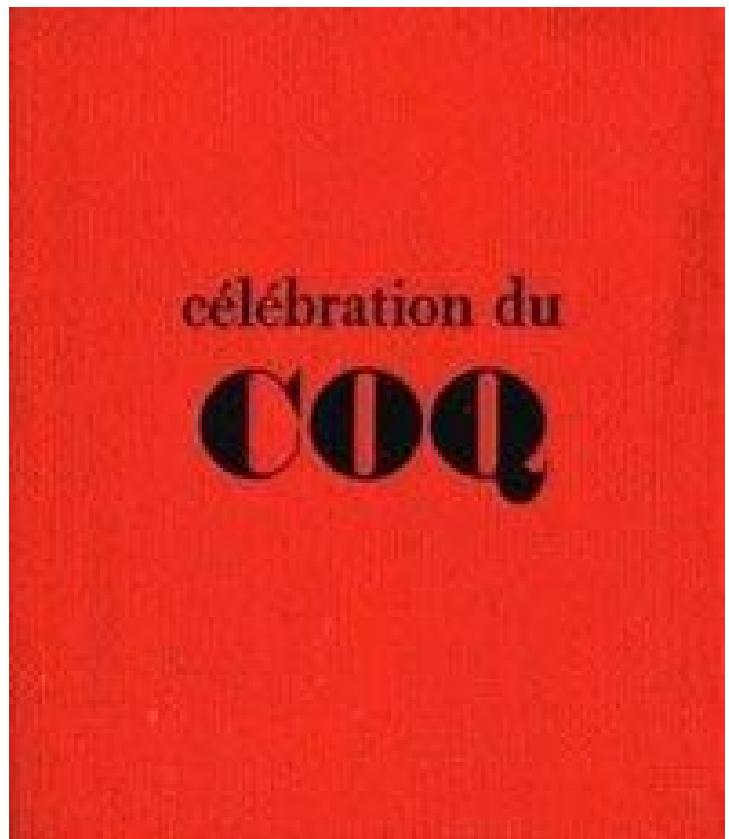


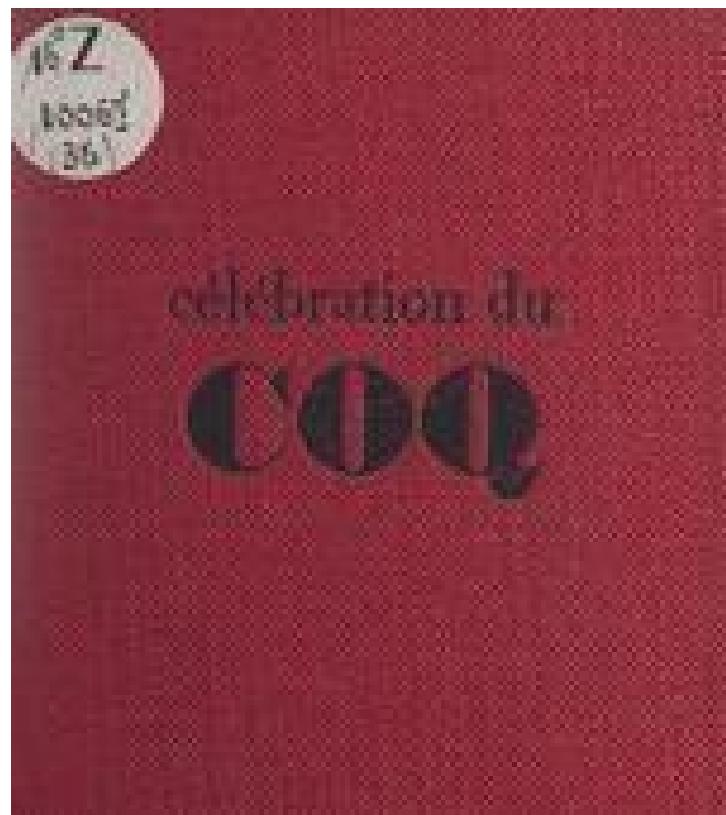
Denoël

(Sunday and Monday.) Paris: Denoël, 1966.

Work and leisure as complementary modern categories into which human life is fitted to suit industrial society's productivist imperative of total organization.

1966: Célébration du coq

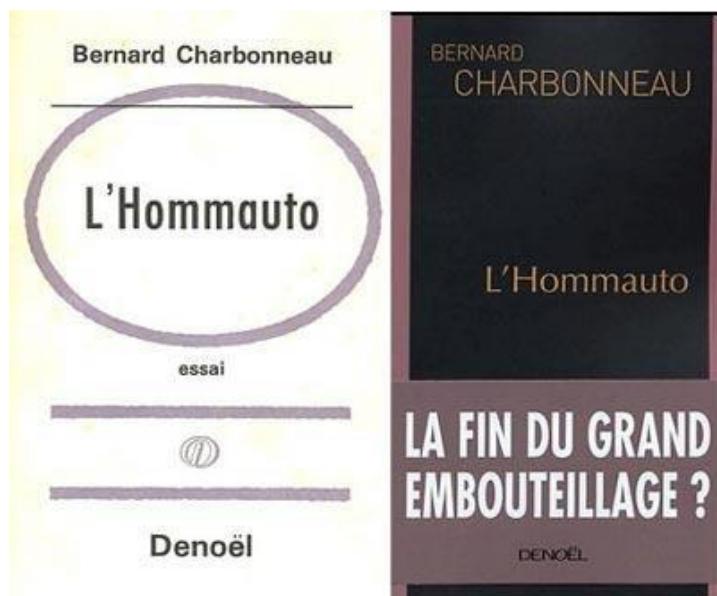




Buy
(*Celebration of the Rooster*). Le Jas: Robert Morel, 1966 (pdf reprint: <https://www.fenixx.fr>, 2019).

Charbonneau gives a free reign to his mordant wit in this satire of French nationalism, and by extension, of every local variant of this universal blight of sentimentalized State-worship.

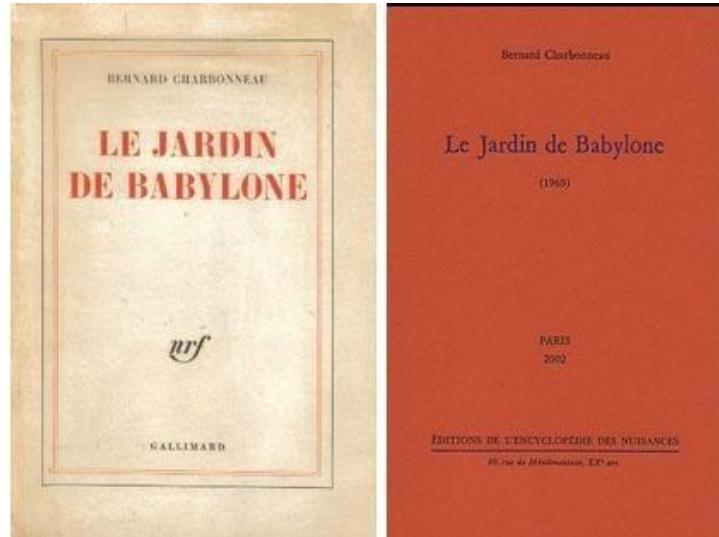
1967: L'Hommauto



(*Automan.*) Paris: Denoël, 1967 (reissued 2003).

Mass-man driven by the car, not the other way around, illustrating how the mirage of individual freedom is built into the total mobilization of society by Technique. Even world wars have not made as many victims as the automobile, nor as fundamentally redefined all aspects of life, as Charbonneau shows in this biting critique of car culture. The changes it wrought in his native Bordeaux, palpable in daily life but which no media would touch as such in his lifetime, first alerted him as a teenager to the insidious dictatorship of Change for its own sake in industrial society.

1969: Le Jardin de Babylone

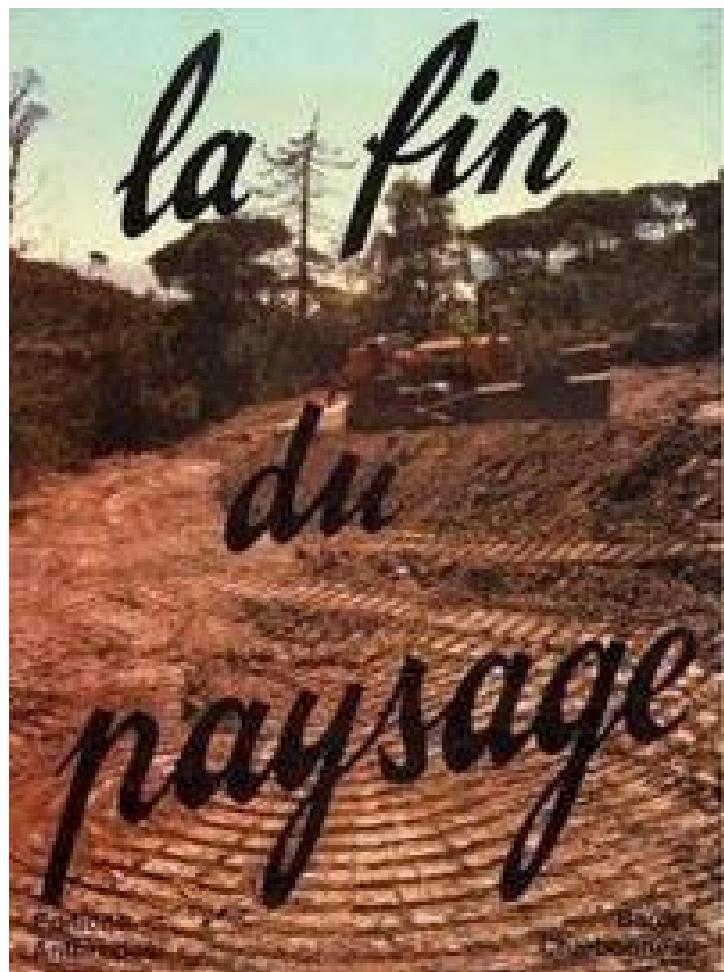


(*The Garden of Babylon.*) Paris: Gallimard, 1969; Paris: Éditions de l'Encyclopédie des nuisances, 2002. (Unauthorized English translation of the Spanish translation downloadable for free at

<https://libcom.org/article/garden-babylon-nature-revolutionary><https://libcom.org/article/bernard-charbonneau>.)

Expanding on his ground-breaking 1937 manifesto on “Feeling for Nature as a revolutionary force” (see below under *Nous sommes des révolutionnaires malgré nous*), this is Bernard Charbonneau’s definitive statement of his thesis that Nature is a discovery of the very industrial society that destroys it, usually coopting nostalgia for it to drive its own relentless expansion.

1972: La fin du paysage



Bernard Charbonneau Prométhée réenchaîné

Le 12 octobre 1911 au 20 novembre 1911 à Paris pour une exposition mondiale d'ingénierie et
Chapu (Henri - Michel - Antoine), sculpteur français, né en 1833 (1891), auteur de statues d'Athéna et d'Hercule.

Char (René), poète français, né à Toulouse le 1er juillet 1902 mort le 1er juillet 1966 à l'âge de 64 ans.

Charbonneau (Bernard), né à Bourgoin (1920-1990), auteur québécois de livres. Il n'a cessé de s'interroger sur ce qu'il arrive à Grande-Mère et la défaillante lance à la Nature et à la Liberté.

Charcot (Paul Marie), médecin français né à Paris (1825-1893) connu par ses travaux sur les maladies nerveuses.

Charcot (Jean-Baptiste), astronome français né à Paris (1862-1936), fils du précédent, auteur de catalogues et de travaux mathématiques dans les domaines planétaires, membre de l'Académie des sciences.

Chardon, (Jean), voyageur français né à Paris (1663-1733), auteur d'un Voyage au Pérou et aux Indes Orientales.

Chardin, (Jean-Baptiste), peintre français né à Paris (1699-1771) auteur de natures mortes, de portraits, de scènes de genre (le Boulangier). Il fut le grand peintre français de la fin du XVIII^e siècle, jusqu'à 1750 et bien avant par rapport à son époque.

Chardouillet, (Jean) (1862-1930), écrivain et journaliste.



(*The End of the Landscape*), with Maurice Bardet: foreword and chapter introductions by BC (reissued separately as *Vers la banlieue totale*, see below), photos and captions by MB. Paris: Anthropos, 1972.

A picture album of the French landscape in the process of degradation by “development”.

(*Prometheus Rebound.*) Mimeographed, 1972; Paris: La Table ronde, “La petite Vermillon” series, 2001.

An anatomy of Revolution and its repeated failures, written in the aftermath of May 1968.

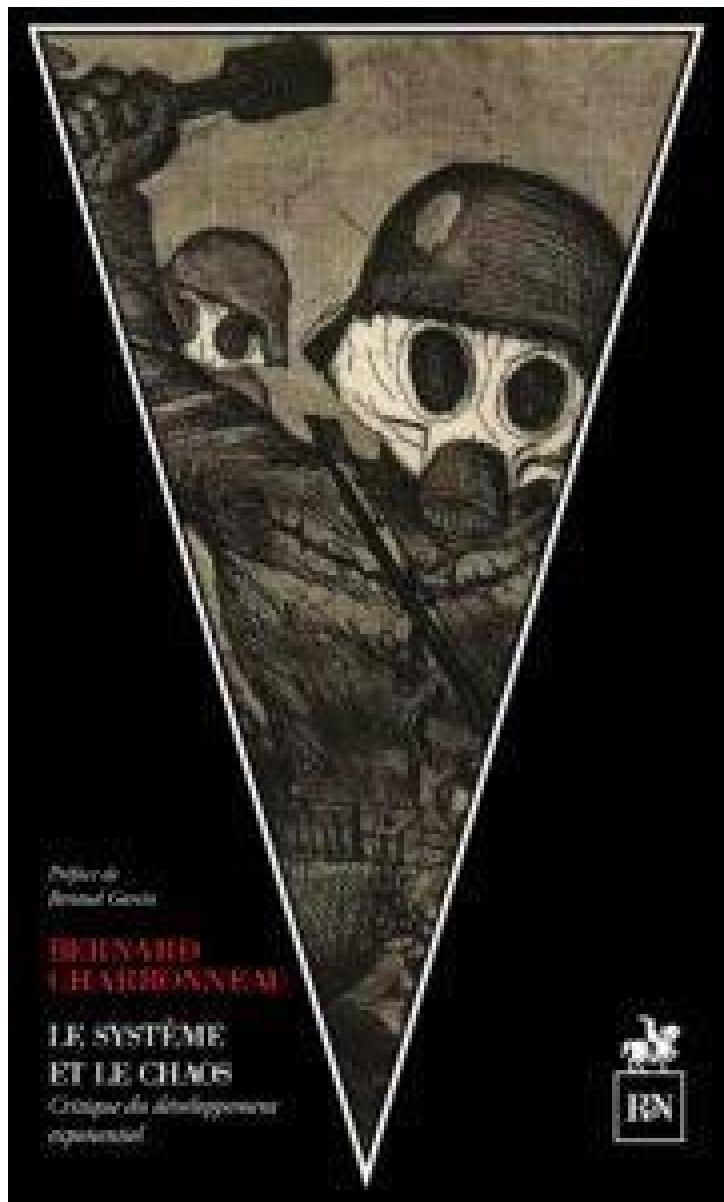
1973: Le système et le chaos. Critique du développement exponentiel

BERNARD CHARBONNEAU

LE SYSTÈME ET LE CHAOS

critique du
développement exponentiel

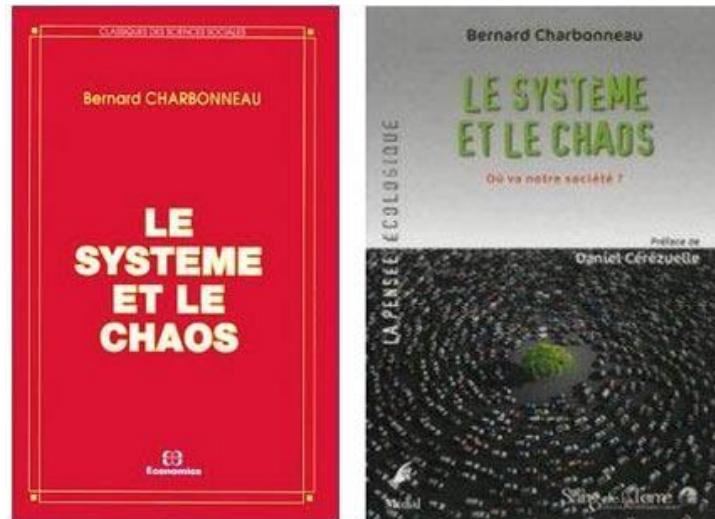
éditions anthropos

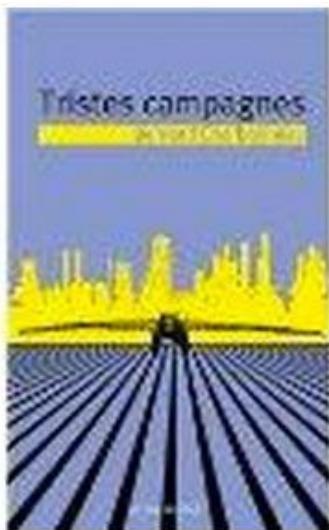
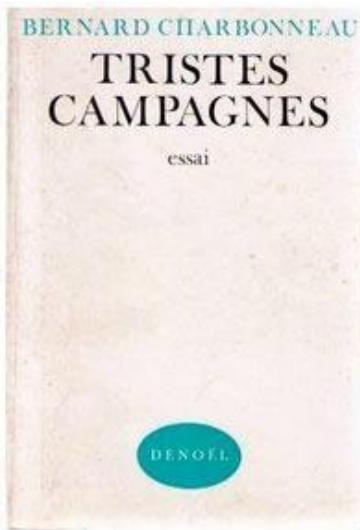


(*System and Chaos. A Critique of Exponential Development.*) Paris: Anthropos, 1973; Paris: Economica, “Classiques des Sciences sociales” series, 1990; Paris: Le sang de la Terre, “La pensée écologique” series, 2012; Paris : R & N, with a foreword by Renaud Garcia, 2022.

The first full statement of the impossibility of infinite growth on a finite planet, and the vicious cycle of totalizing system and chaotic breakdown this mirage generates on the road to global technocratic dictatorship and/or planetary environmental collapse.

1973: Tristes campagnes





(*Vanishing Countryside.*) Paris: Denoël, 1973; Paris: Le pas de côté, 2013.

Ironically echoing structural anthropologist Claude Lévi-Strauss's *Tristes tropiques* that made concern over the plight of distant tribes fashionable, Charbonneau tries to get the French to pay attention to the tragedy of a disappearing traditional society on their own doorstep: that of the Béarn countryside where he chose to settle. (Wendell Berry comes to mind...)

1974: Notre table rase

BERNARD CHARBONNEAU

NOTRE
TABLE RASE

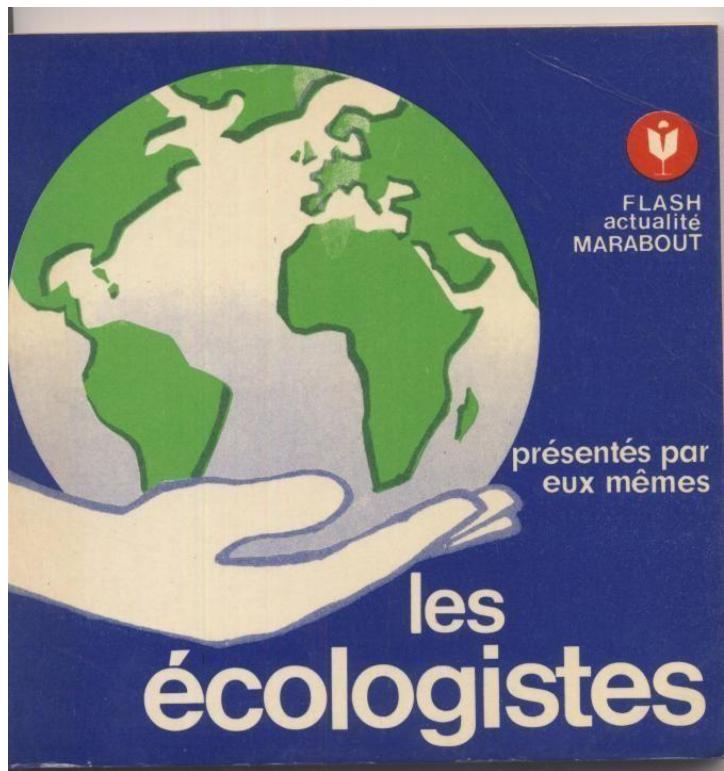
essai



(*Meagre Pickings.*) Paris: Denoël, 1974.

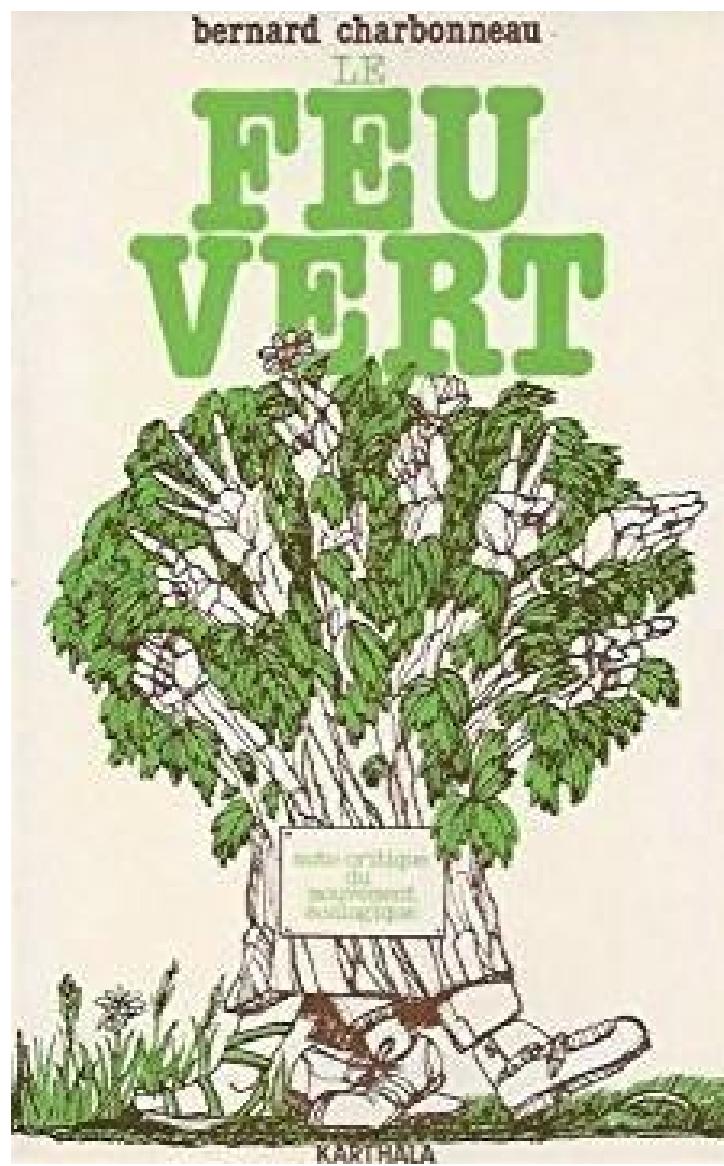
The literal *tabula rasa* of what passes for food in industrial society.

1977: Les Écologistes

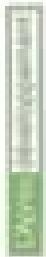


(*The Ecologists*), with Pierre Samuel. Paris: Marabout, “Flash actualité” series, 1977.
An introduction to the fledgling environmental movement in French politics.

1980: Le Feu vert. Autocritique du mouvement écologique



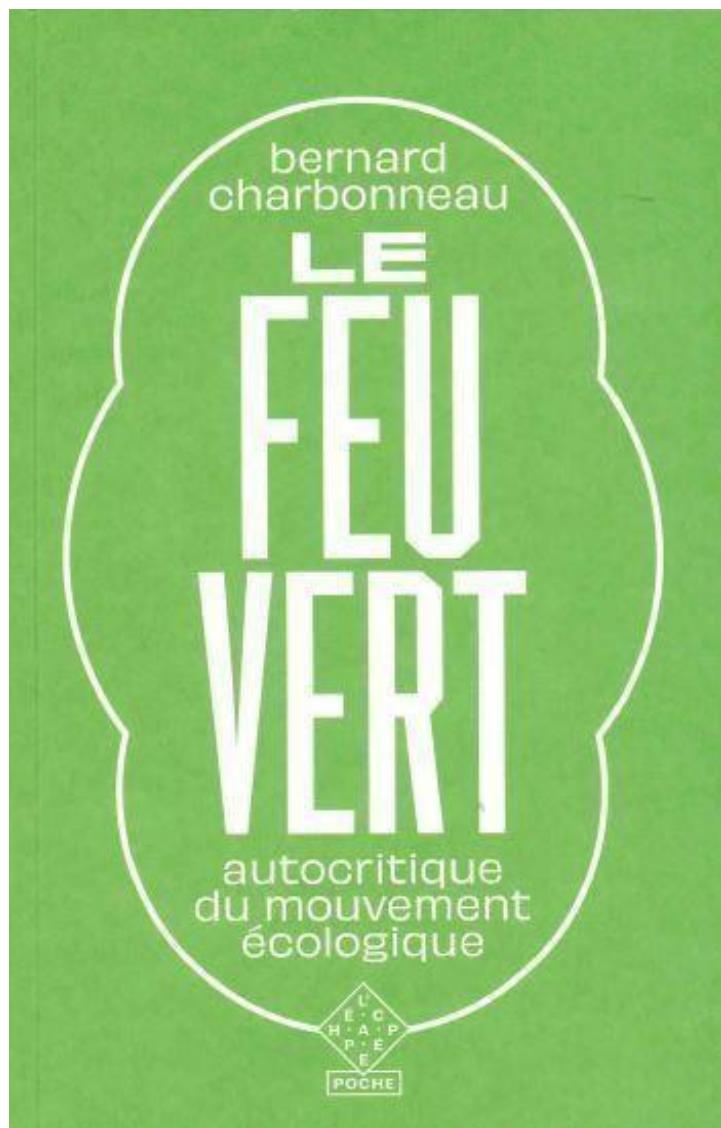
Bernard Charbonneau



Le Feu vert

Préface
Daniel Cérézuolle

Paragone/Vs



The Green Light
A Self-Critique of the
Ecological Movement



Bernard Charbonneau
Translated by Christian Roy

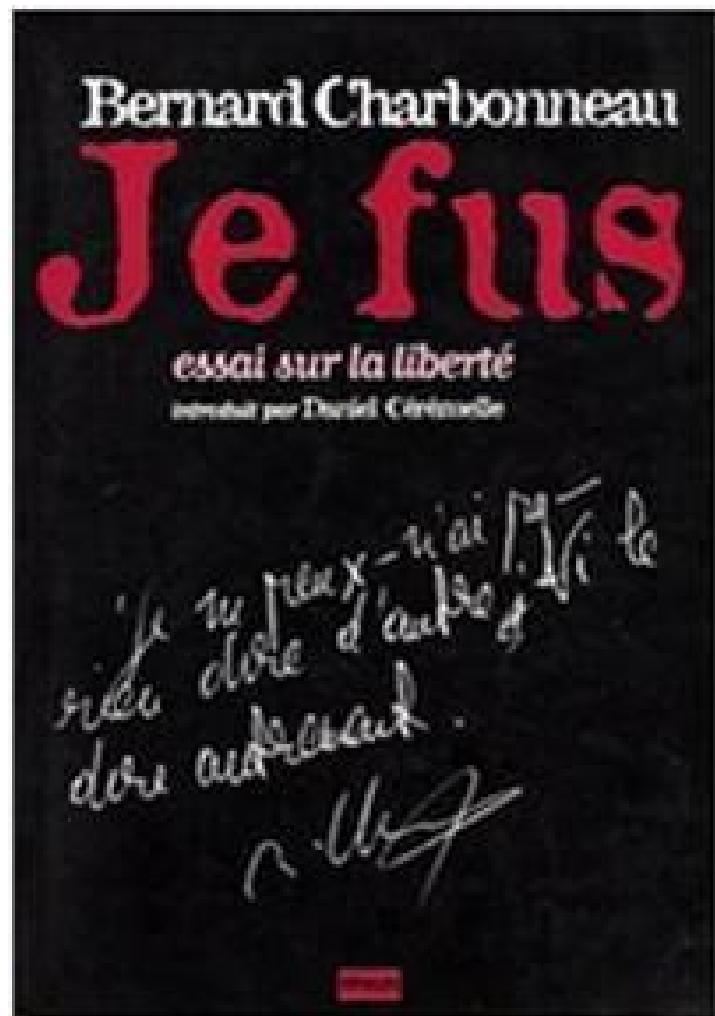
BLOOMSBURY

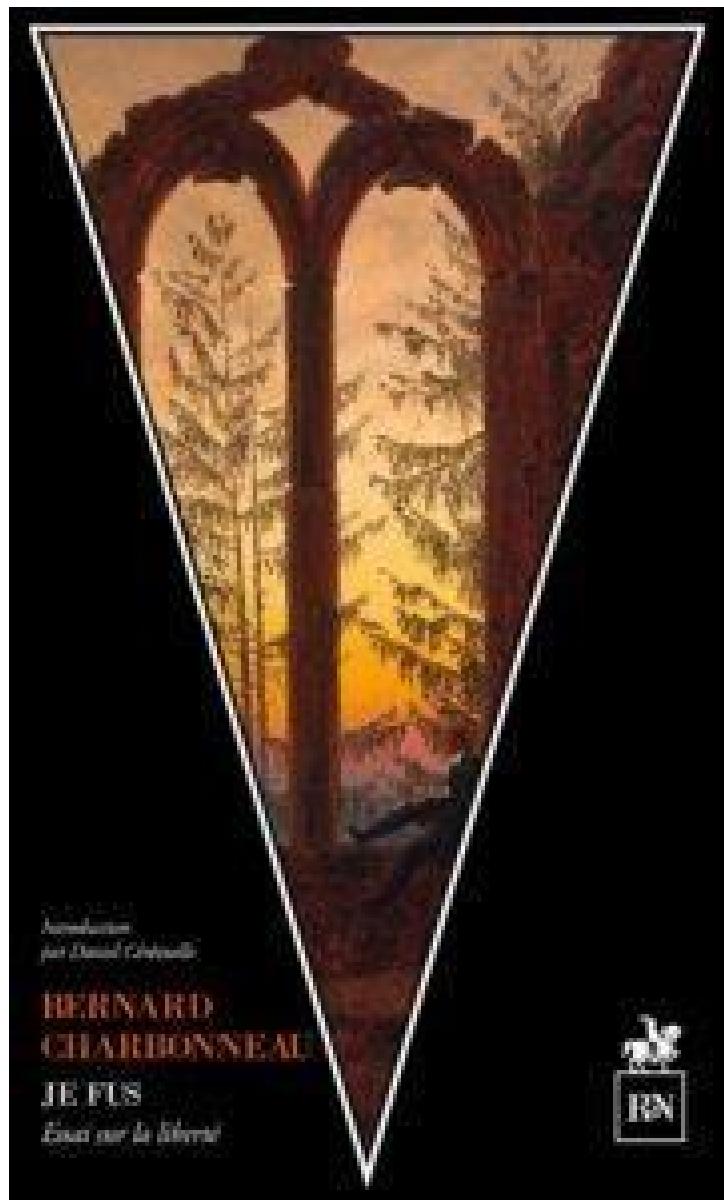
(*The Green Light. A Self-Critique of the Ecological Movement.*) Paris: Karthala, “Poing d’interrogation” series, 1980; Lyon: Paragon, “L’Après-développement” series, with a foreword by Daniel Cérizuelle, 2009; Paris: L’échappée, with a foreword by Daniel Cérizuelle, 2022.

A critical look back at the early years of the environmental movement and its deep roots in Christian (especially Protestant) culture, with the underlying issues of the relationship of nature and freedom, and of their needful but uneasy joining against the totalizing system of technological society that threatens them both. Using this paradoxical tension as a yardstick, Charbonneau probes the ways in which concepts of Nature have developed as industrialization became second nature and jeopardized the original, taken for granted until its advent. This allows Charbonneau to explain how movements and policies claiming to deal with this issue have gone wrong. English translation by Christian Roy, with a foreword by Daniel Cérizuelle and an introduction by Piers. H. G. Stephens, London: Bloomsbury, 2016,

<https://www.bloomsbury.com/ca/green-light-9781350027091/>

1980: Je fus. Essai sur la liberté

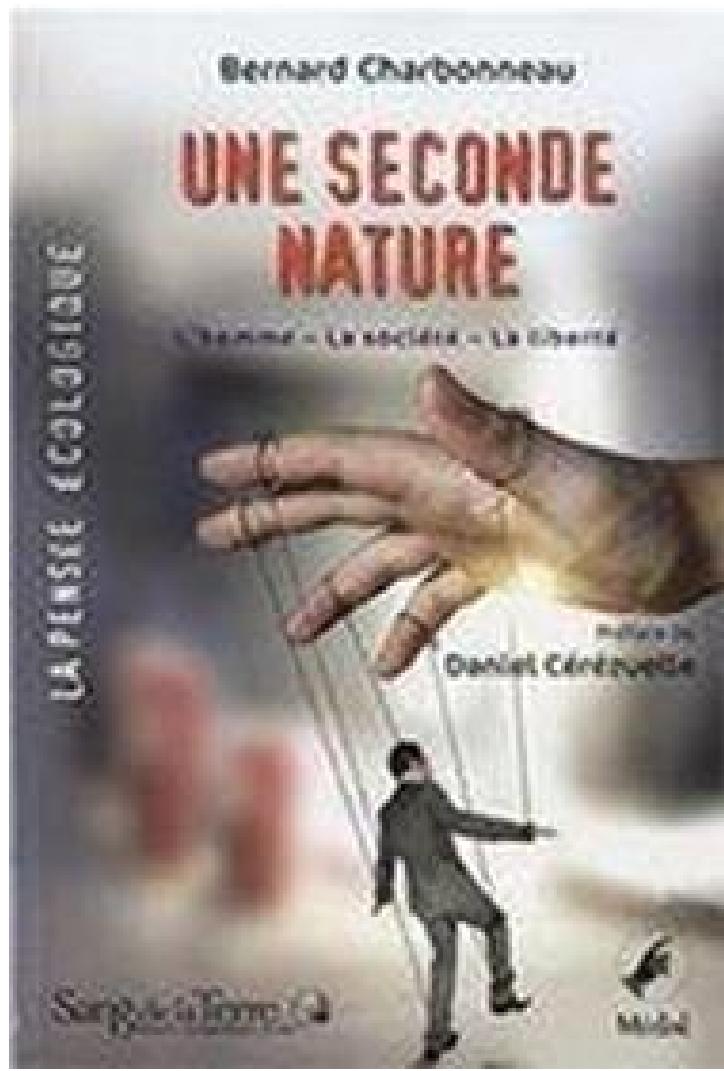




(*I Was. An Essay on Freedom.*) Self-published, Pau: 1980; Bordeaux: Opales, with a foreword by Daniel Cérézuelle, 2000; Paris: R & N, 2021.

Man as a being who craves for freedom and yet cannot bear it as it is, i.e., the tension-fraught unity of the spirit and the flesh in a contingent mortal existence. He will thus grasp at every conceivable justification to be relieved of the anxiety this awareness brings, as long as he can convince himself he does it freely, to achieve freedom even. Society usually provides ready-made outlets for this impulse, but individual forms of escapism are not spared either in Bernard Charbonneau's personal call to each reader to join him in the tragic experience of conscious, embodied freedom, which he considered the testament of his life's lonely journey against every current of modern society.

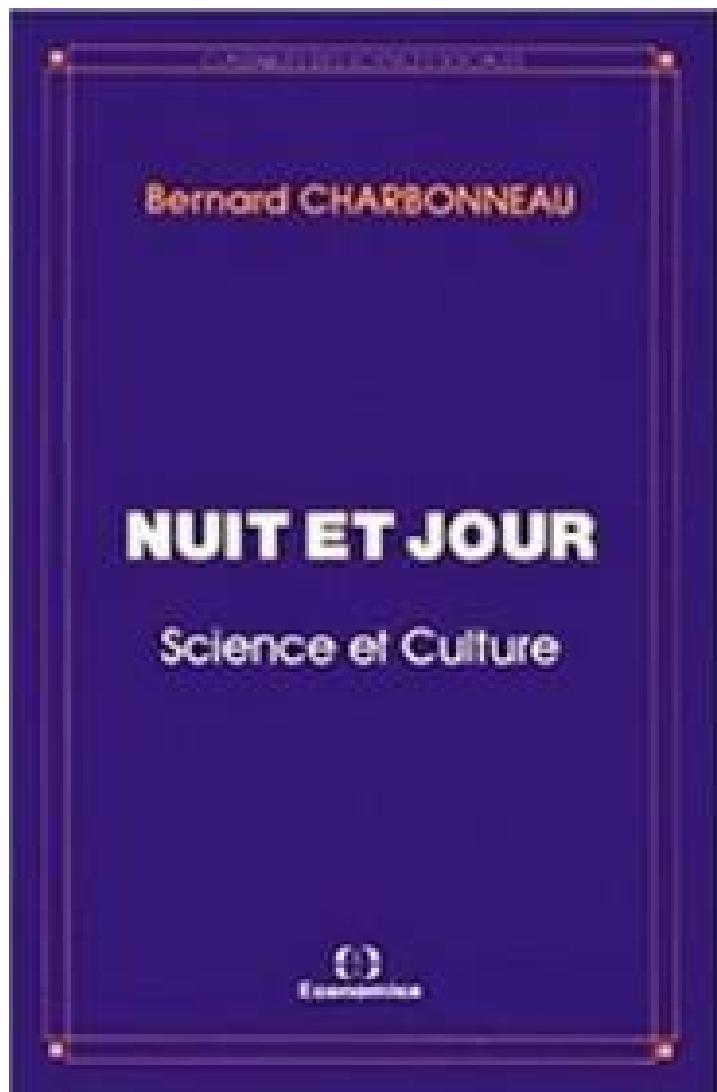
1981: Une seconde nature



(*A Second Nature.*) Self-published, Pau: 1981; Paris: Le sang de la Terre, “La pensée écologique” series, with a foreword by Daniel Cérézuelle, 2012.

Aphorisms around the theme of man’s ambiguous relation to society as his second nature, shielding him from the first one at the price of his own freedom.

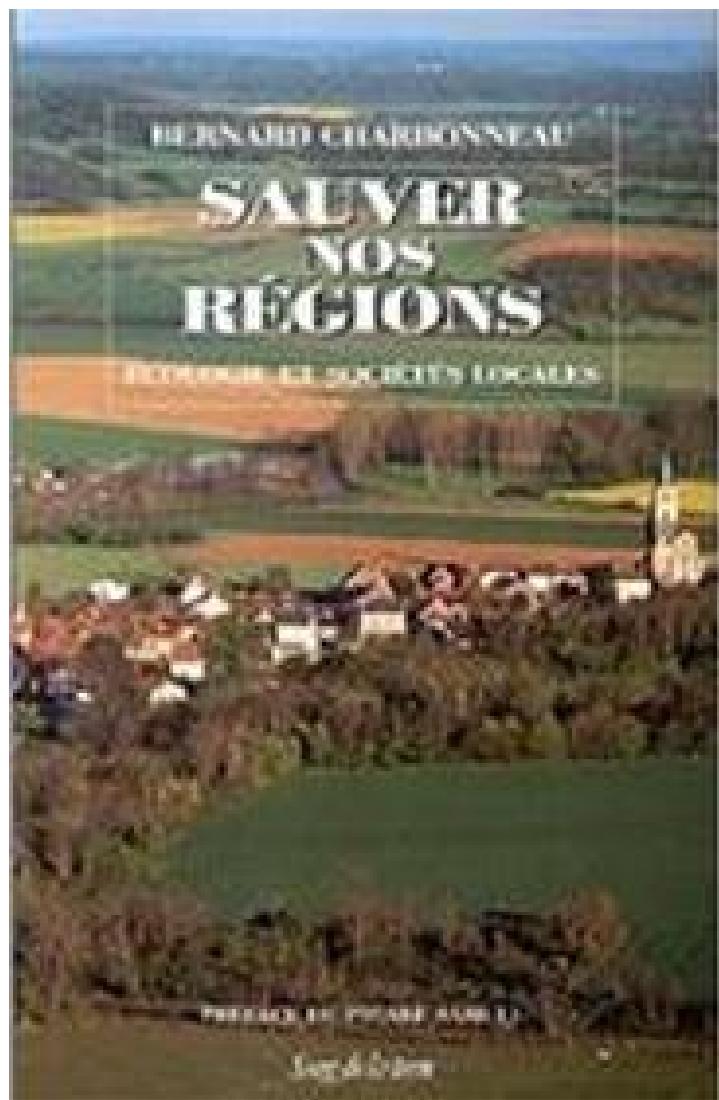
1991: Nuit et jour. Science et culture



(*Night and Day. Science and Culture.*) Paris: Economica, “Classiques des Sciences sociales” series, 1991.

The Paradox of Culture (1965, see above) as a “creative” alibi for the “serious” business of Science as modern society’s *Ultima Ratio* (written by 1986), in a coupling of works devoted to these two sides of the same coin.

1991: Sauver nos régions. Écologie, régionalisme et sociétés locales



(*Saving Our Regions. Ecology, Regionalism and Local Societies.*) Paris: Le Sang de la terre, “Les dossiers de l’écologie” series, 1991.

Originally titled *La planète et le canton*, this book explores the existential connection between the local and the global that defines political ecology as a social project.

1996: Il court, il court, le fric...

Bernard Charbonneau

Il court, il court le fric...



© 1999

(*Money Makes the World Go Round.*) Bordeaux: Opales, 1996.

Charbonneau's take on this theme to which Ellul also devoted his early book *L'Homme et l'argent* (1954).

1997: Un festin pour Tantale. Nourriture et société industrielle



(*A Feast for Tantalus. Food and Industrial Society.*) Paris: Le Sang de la terre, “Saveurs de la terre” series, 1997; Paris: Le sang de la Terre, “La pensée écologique” series, 2011, with a foreword by Michel Onfray.

When tasteless, homogenized artificial nutrients become the industrial norm, healthy, varied “organic” food becomes a specialty luxury, part of the very system that makes it a scarce product.

2004: Comment ne pas penser

Bernard Charbonneau

Comment ne pas penser



Éditions

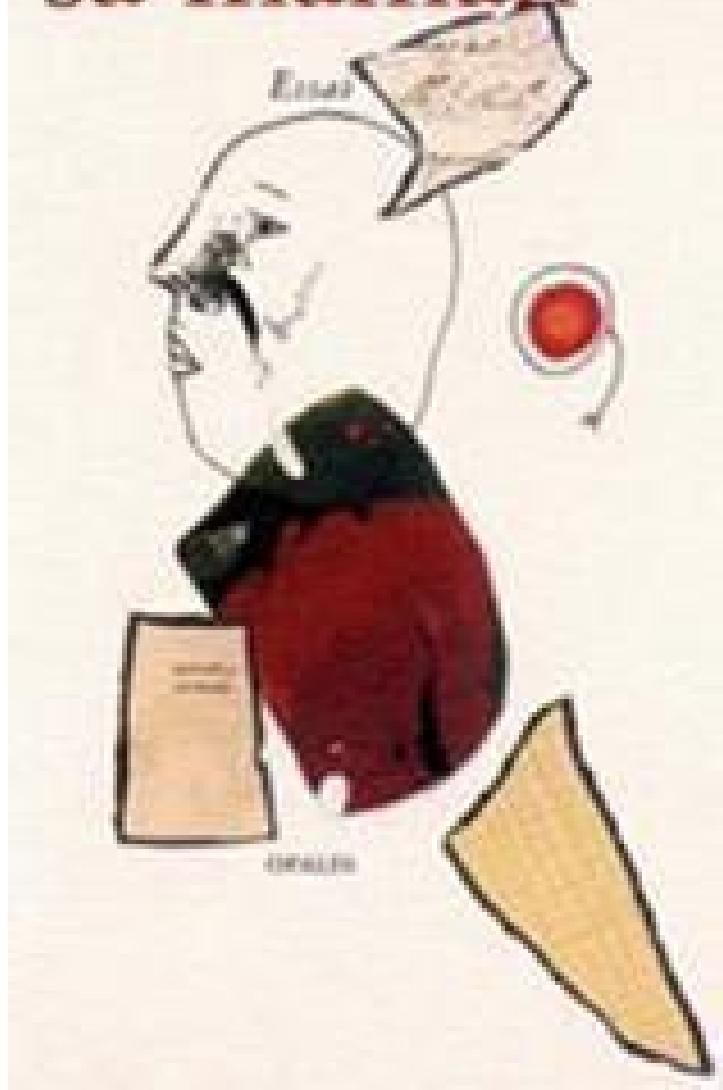
(*How to Avoid Thinking*). Bordeaux: Opales, 2004.

Irony as the last resort of thought at the height of seriousness. “These pages were born of the failure to communicate the essence of a life devoted to the creative debate between the individual and his society.”

2006: Bien aimer sa maman

Bernard Charbonneau

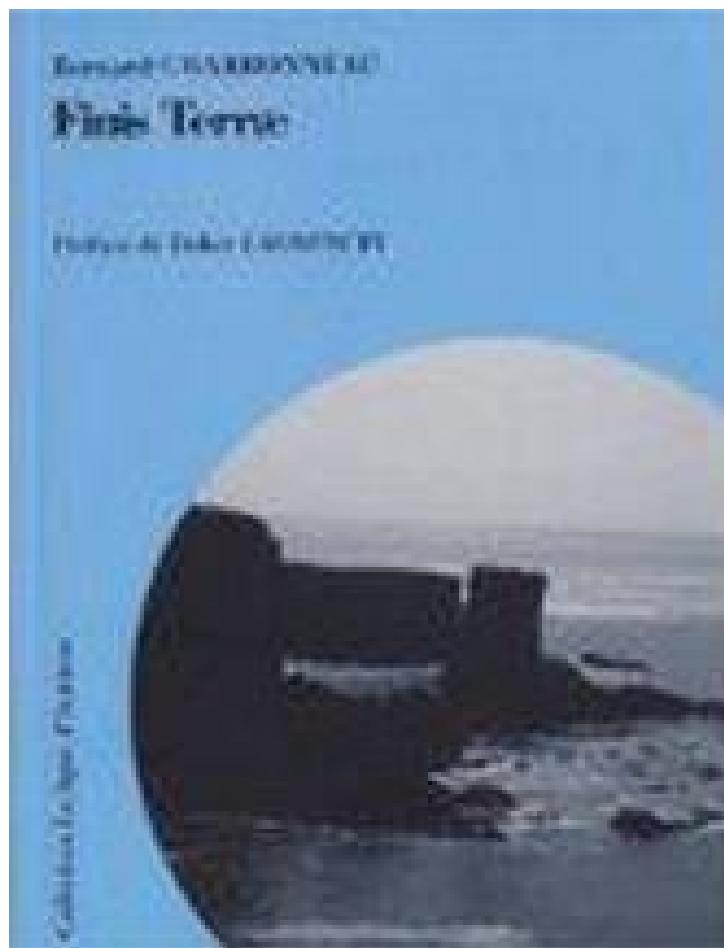
Bien aimer sa maman



(*How to Love your Mummy Well.*) Bordeaux: Opales, 2006.

A humorous look at modern Society as the individual's Mother-Goddess, with the underlying structures (the State, the Economy, Science, Culture, etc.) that give her enduring identity under the guise of constant change.

2010: Finis Terrae



(*Land's End.*) Paris: À plus d'un titre, “La ligne d'horizon” series, foreword by Didier Laurencin, 2010.

The modern conquest of space and time increasingly fills up every corner and every moment of a finite world, depriving us of any meaningful experience of them. (A translation of the first fifty pages by David Bade and Christian Roy is available as a sample, e.g., for potential publishers.)

2013: Le Changement

Le Changement

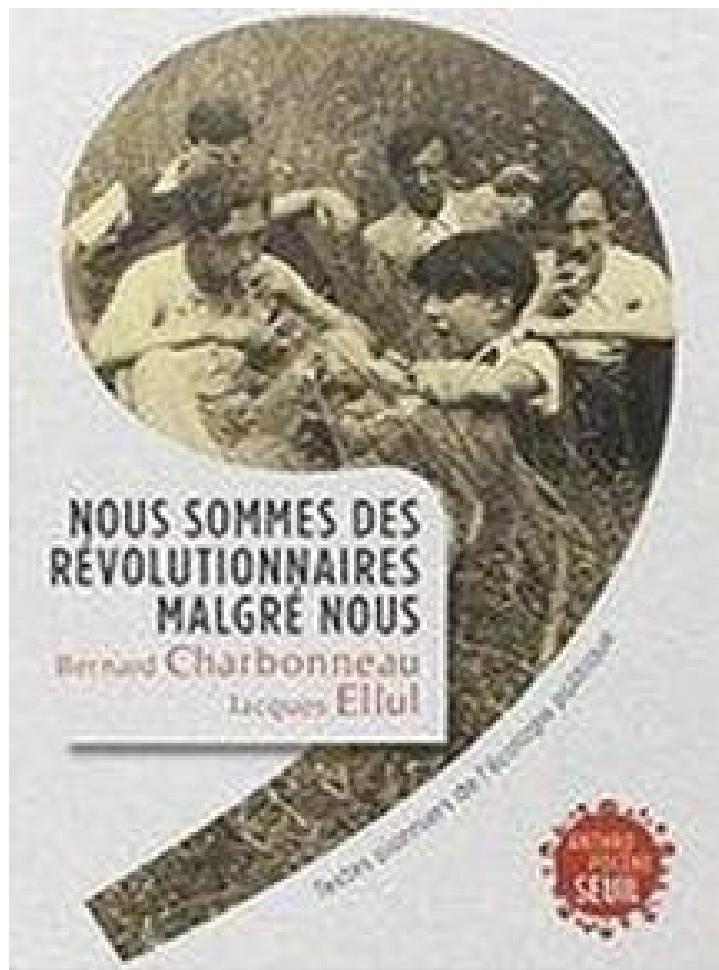
Bernard Chardonnet



(*Change.*) Paris: Le Pas de côté, 2013.

The industrial world as an endless, boundless, aimless construction site, as inhospitable to life as a war zone.

2014: Nous sommes des révolutionnaires malgré nous. Textes pionniers de l'écologie politique



(*We Are Revolutionaries in Spite of Ourselves. Pioneering Texts of Political Ecology*), with Jacques Ellul. Paris: Le Seuil, “Anthropocène” series, introduction by Quentin Hardy, with critical notes by Christian Roy, 2014.

This is a collection of four early texts from the time of the close collaboration of Bernard Charbonneau and Jacques Ellul as leaders of a regional branch of the Personalist movement in Southwestern France, to which they gave their unique technocritical stamp, likely making it the world’s first recognizable example of political ecology as a revolutionary movement in its own right beyond Right and Left, as shown in a fine historical introduction. It starts with the only known text overtly co-authored by Charbonneau and Ellul, “Guidelines for a Personalist Manifesto” (1935, already published as *Directives pour un manifeste personneliste* in *Cahiers Jacques-Ellul* No. 1, “Les années personnalistes”, 2004, pp. 63-79), followed by three dazzlingly prophetic Charbonneau texts: “Progress against Man” (“Le Progrès contre l’Homme”, 1936), “Feeling for Nature as a revolutionary force” (“Le sentiment de la Nature, force révolutionnaire”, 1937) and “The Year 2000” (“An deux mille”, 1945, on the implications of the A-bomb), the latter available online in an English translation by Louis Cancelmi at <https://www.signals-noise.com/2017/03/17/bernard-charbonneau-political-ecology>

2016: Lexique du verbe quotidien

Bernard Charbonneau

Lexique du verbe quotidien



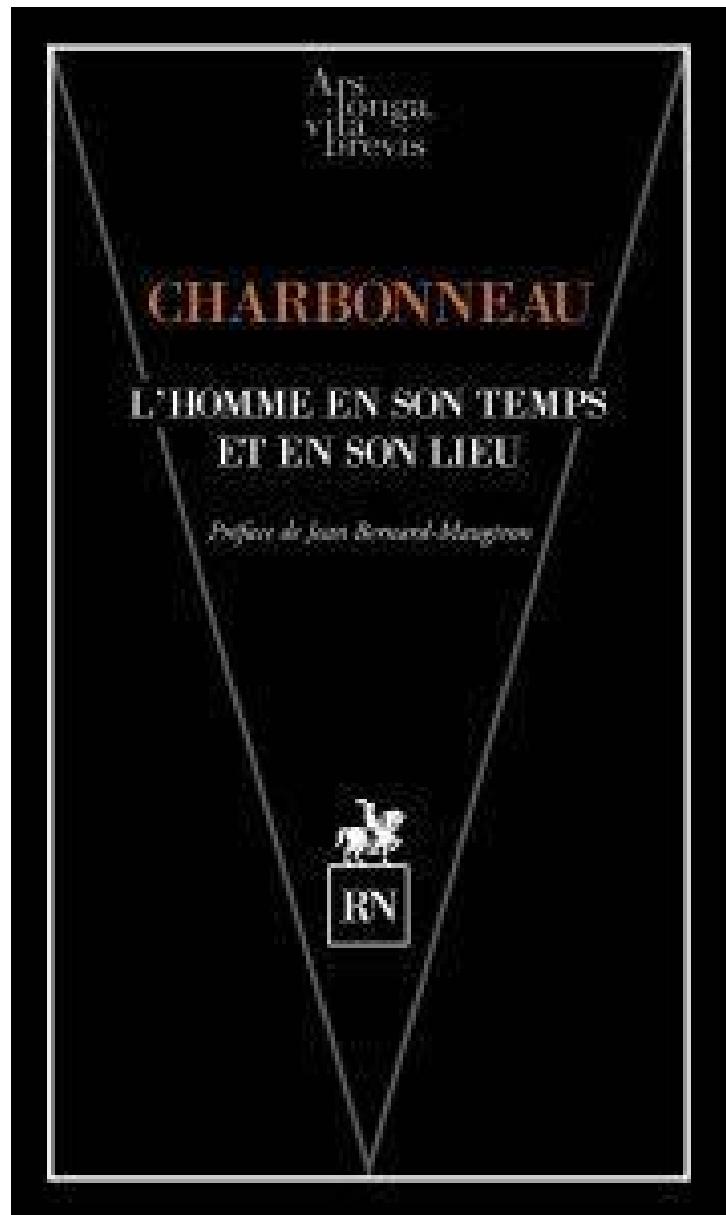
feuilles d'herbe

Éditions Héros-Limite

(*Lexicon of Everyday Speech.*) Geneva: Héros-Limite, “Feuilles d’herbe” series, 2016.

A collection of long-form columns arranged in word entries that first appeared in the Protestant weekly *Réforme* in the 1950s, containing early formulations of many of the themes Bernard Charbonneau would go on to develop in his books in subsequent decades.

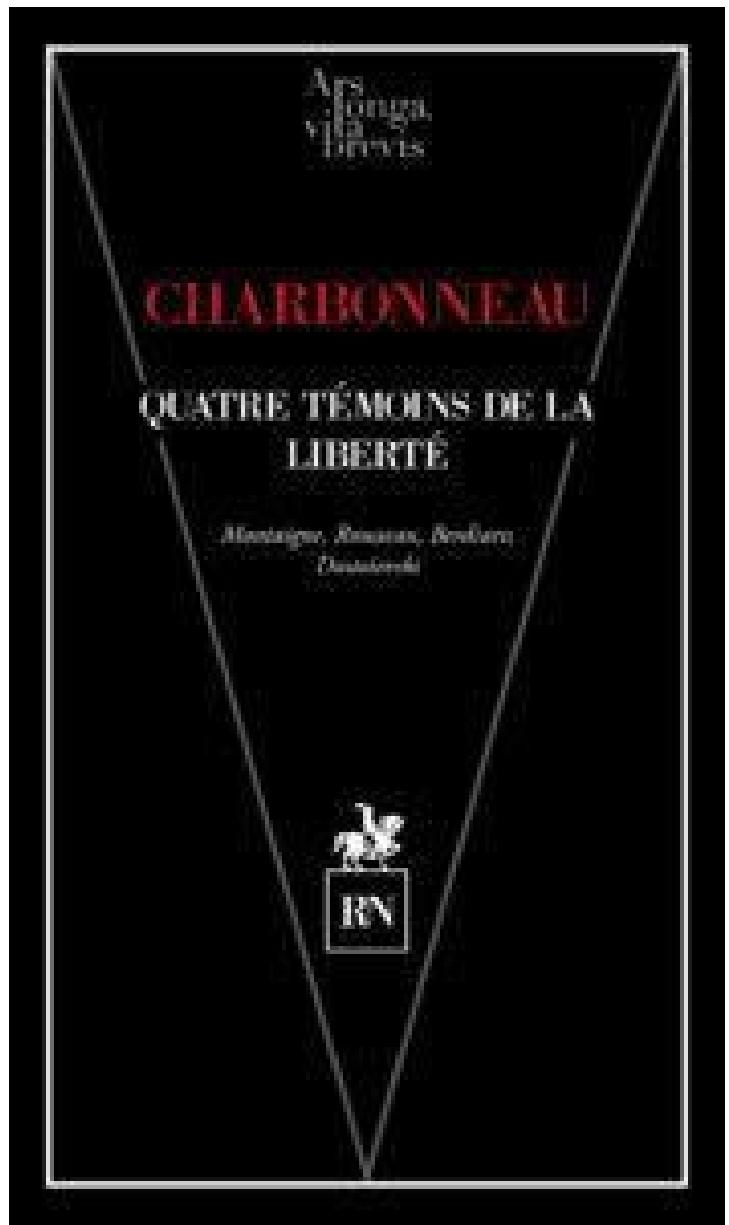
2017: L’Homme en son temps et en son lieu



(*Man in His Time and Place.*) Paris: R & N,
“Ars Longa Vita Brevis” series, with a foreword by Jean Bernard-Maugiron, 2017.

In this brief text written in 1960, Bernard Charbonneau examines the vital role of time and place in enabling or hampering human freedom, in an era when technology fractures and shrivels them.

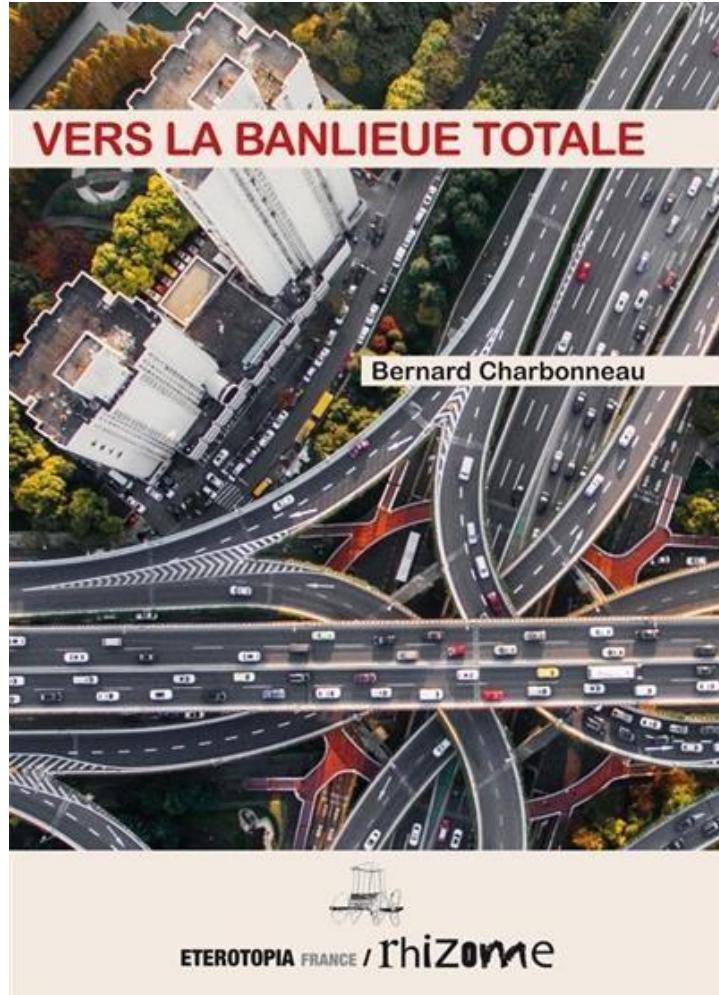
2018: Quatre témoins de la liberté (Montaigne, Rousseau, Berdiaeff, Dostoïevski)



(*Four Witnesses to Freedom: Montaigne, Rousseau, Berdiaeff, Dostoevsky.*) Paris:
R & N,
“Ars Longa Vita Brevis” series, with a foreword by Daniel Cérézuelle, 2018.

Bernard Charbonneau’s final testament on freedom as the lodestar of his thought, revisited through the prism of four authors who helped him articulate aspects of this common theme.

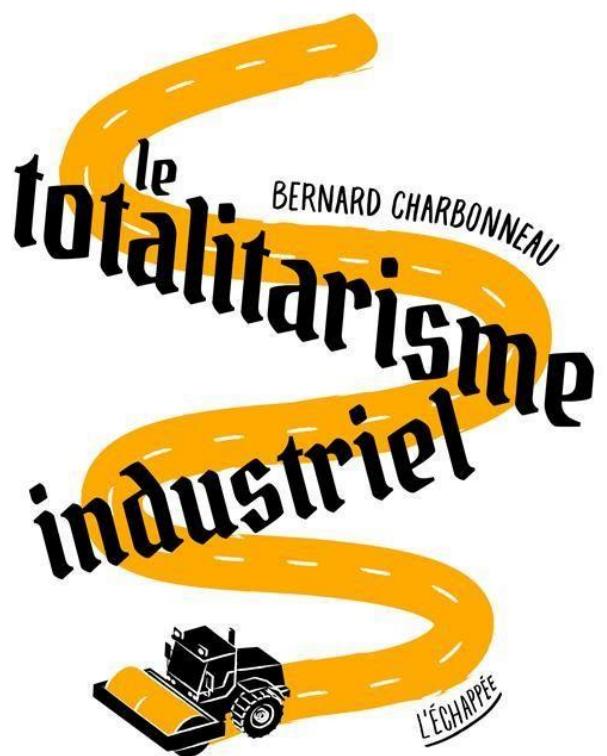
2018: Vers la banlieue totale



(*Towards Total Sprawl.*) Paris: Eterotopia,
“Rhizome” series, 2018.

A separate reissue of Charbonneau’s essays accompanying sections of the photo book *La fin du paysage* published with Maurice Bardet in 1972 (see above).

2019: Le totalitarisme industriel



Bernard
Charbonneau

Jacques
Ellul

LA NATURE DU COMBAT

[L'ÉTINPPE]

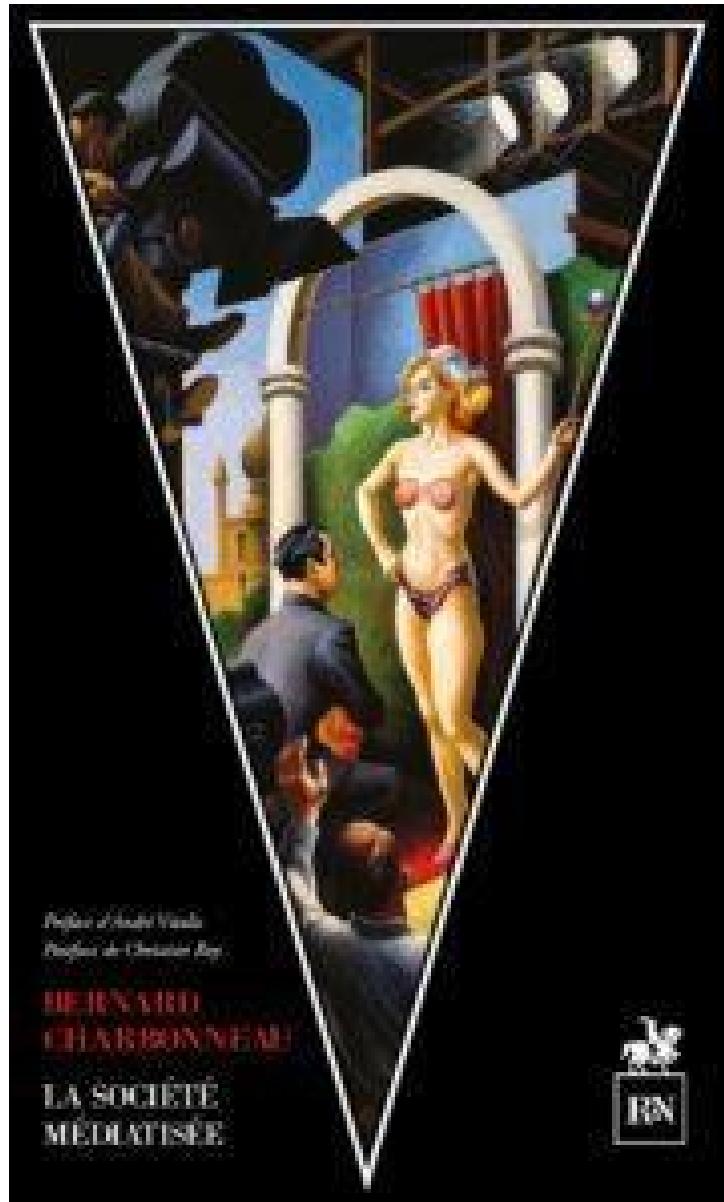
POUR UNE
RÉVOLUTION
ÉCOLOGIQUE



(*Industrial Totalitarianism.*) Paris: L'Échappée,
“Le pas de côté” series, foreword by Pierre Thiesset, 2018.

A collection of Bernard Charbonneau’s column “Chroniques du terrain vague” (“Chronicles of the vacant lot”) for *La Gueule ouverte* between 1972 and 1977 and of articles published in *Combat nature* from 1974 to his death in 1996, that made him a respected radical voice in the French ecological movement he pioneered and steadfastly championed

2021: La nature du combat : pour une révolution écologique

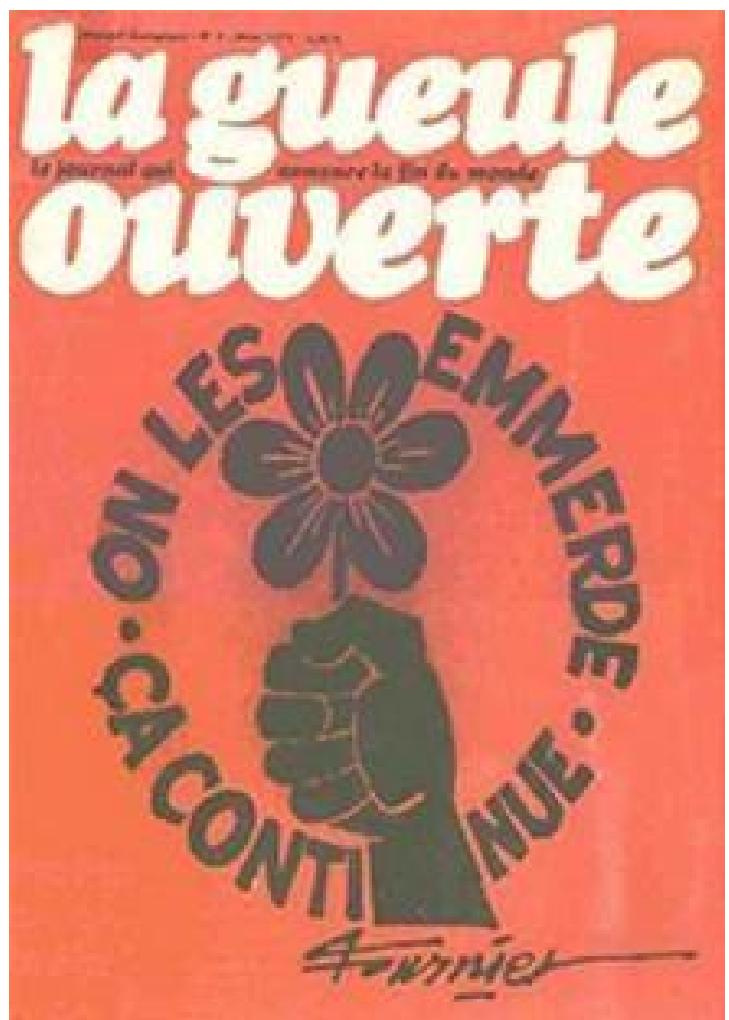


(*The Nature of the Struggle: For an Ecological Revolution.*), with Jacques Ellul.
Paris: L'Échappée,

“Le pas de côté” series, forewords by Pierre Thiesset and Frédéric Rognon, 2021.

A collection of articles by Bernard Charbonneau and Jacques Ellul for the ecological review *Combat nature*.

2021: La Société médiatisée



(*Mediatized Society.*) Paris: R & N,
foreword by André Vitalis, afterword by Christian Roy, 2021. Serialized English translation underway on the dedicated crowdfunding site <https://www.patreon.com/christianroymedia>.

Charbonneau's reflection on media owed much to the bitter experience of being ignored by Technological/Mediatized Society for dealing with its mechanisms as such rather than taking sides in dominant discourses about current affairs, under cover of which it reshapes human reality unimpeded. Such immediate and profound change does not even count as news for the media that screen out any serious discussion of it, tacitly justifying it instead of informing the public about its implications so people could form their own judgment. "The media are blind to the daily realities that come back every day. They need new stuff, instantly forgotten in favour of some other new thing."(52-53) This is the law of the scoop that governs "information-publicitypropaganda" as a single set of phenomena, which gives its title to the second part of *La Société médiatisée*, fulfilling the transition "from speech to its industrial reproduction" covered in the first part. What this leads to in the third part is the "manufacturing of an antireality", besides which Corporate or State censorship is secondary: for the censorship of a Third Power—the Media—is automatic, beyond the awareness of those who experience it or who exert it, as we now know too well as willing pawns of data algorithms. In a final part, asking "Well then, what is to be done?", Charbonneau explores some avenues to get beyond mediatized information and regain access to the kind of direct personal knowledge that humans thirst for as mediators of meaning.

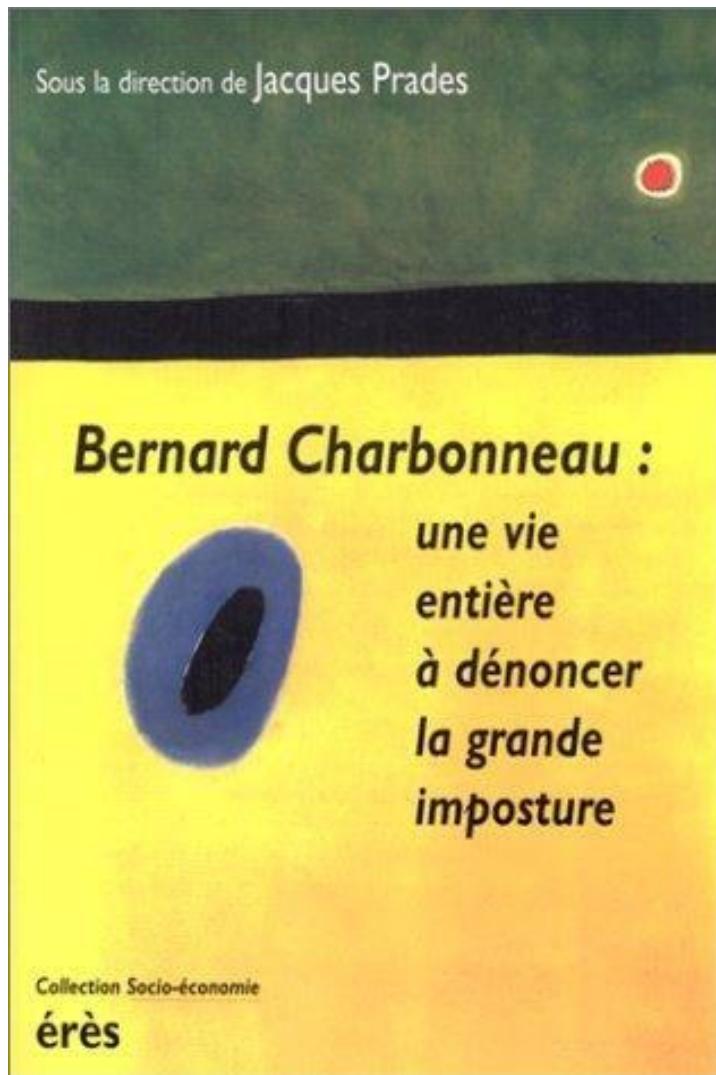
Articles

Bernard Charbonneau published a great many articles in several periodicals, starting with those of the Personalist movement, contributing a few important articles (e.g. on advertising and on education) to its main review *Esprit*, but, along with Ellul, mostly writing much of the material of tiny-circulation internal newsletters of its regional branches in Southwestern France, where most of their key ideas were first articulated. After the war, Ellul would be instrumental in giving Charbonneau access to Protestant publications, such as the student journal *Le Semeur* to which he occasionally contributed from 1945 to the 1980s, and especially the weekly *Réforme* from 1950 to the early 1960s, where the topics of their respective books were often first sketched—even those of one by the other in some cases! After getting a second wind as an elder statesman of the environmental movement of the 1970s, Charbonneau had a regular column in *La Gueule ouverte* (*The Gaping Mouth*), an appropriately irreverent ecological spin-off of the satirical paper *CharlieHebdo*, from 1972 to 1977, and would also contribute to the regional newspaper *La République des Pyrénées* from 1977 to 1983, as well as to the environmentalist review *Combat Nature* from 1974 to his death in 1996. In the early 1990s, at the instigation of Christian Roy, Charbonneau also contributed to special issues of the Montreal-based trilingual “transcultural magazine” *Vice Versa* on the themes of nature, work, and media.

Literature on Bernard Charbonneau

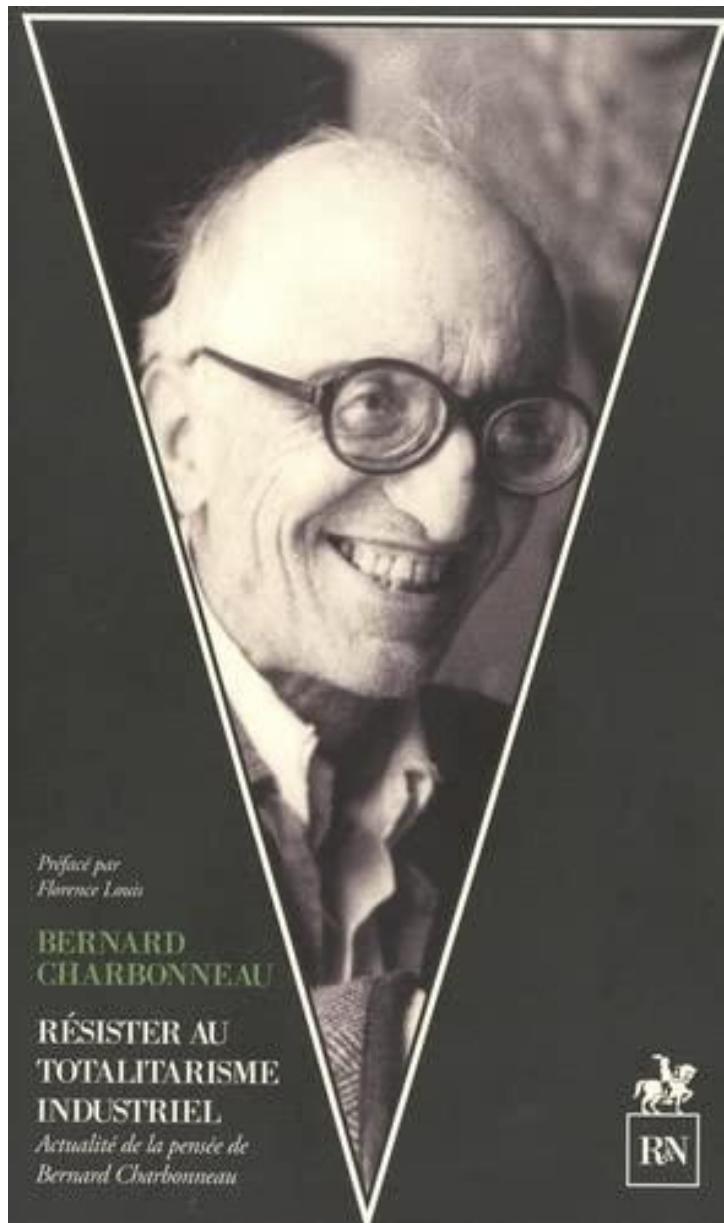
The go-to source for a steady supply of materials by and about Bernard Charbonneau is Jean Bernard-Maugiron's website <https://lagrandemue.wordpress.com/>. (It is named after Charbonneau's central concept of the *Grande Mue*, anticipating recent acknowledgments of the Anthropocene era as that of the Great Moultling of the human species, emancipated from nature's constant pressure only to succumb to a "second nature" of its own making: totalized society.)

A fairly complete list of Bernard Charbonneau's articles, compiled by Roland de Miller, appeared at the end of the proceedings of the first conference devoted to him in Toulouse a few weeks after his death:



Jacques Prades, ed. *Bernard Charbonneau une vie entière à dénoncer la grande imposture*. Ramonville: Érès, "Socio-économie" series, 1997.

The proceedings of a more recent conference on Charbonneau in Bordeaux in 2019 have recently been published:



Florence Louis, ed.
Résister au totalitarisme industriel: Actualité de la pensée de Bernard Charbonneau. Paris: R & N,
2022.

While we await the publication of Sébastien Morillon-Brière's capacious dissertation on Bernard Charbonneau, the only monograph on his life and thought remains the following:

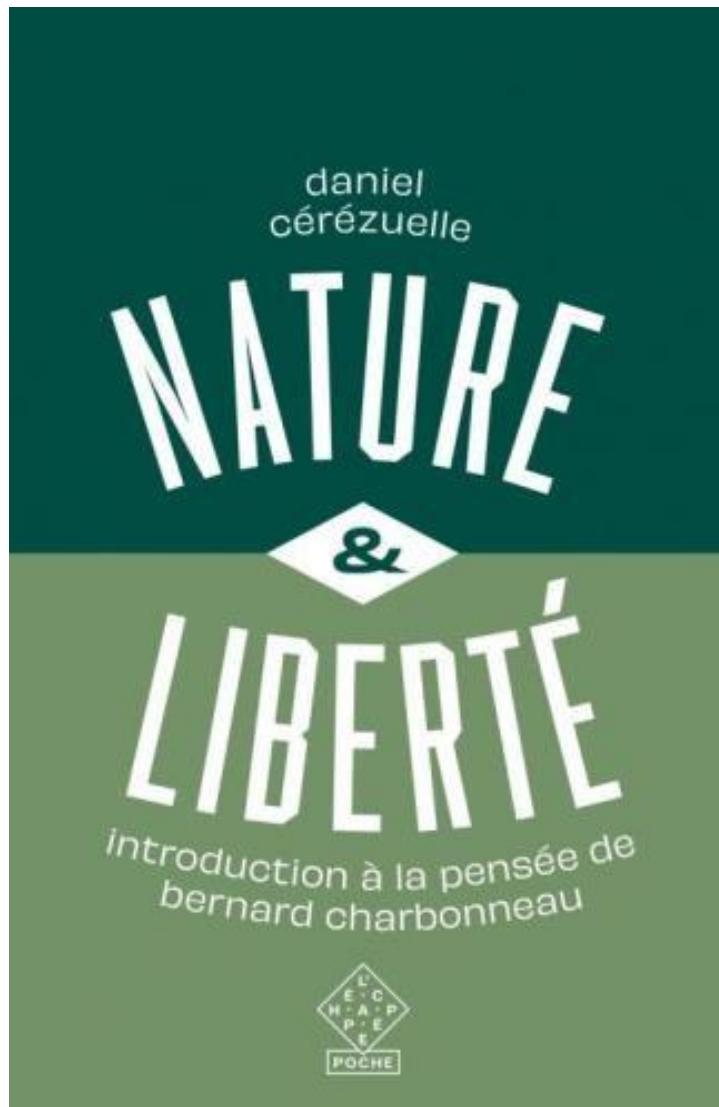
L'après développement

Daniel Cérézuelle

Écologie et liberté

Bernard Charbonneau
précurseur de l'écologie politique

Par Paragon/Vs



Daniel Cérézuelle, *Écologie et liberté. Bernard Charbonneau : précurseur de l'écologie politique*. Lyon: Paragon/Vs, “L’Après-développement” series, 2006; reissued as *Nature et liberté : introduction à la pensée de Bernard Charbonneau*. Paris: L’Échappée,
2022.

For a pocket-size survey and anthology, see:

LES PRÉCURSEURS
DE LA DÉCROISSANCE

Daniel Cérézuelle

présente

“BERNARD CHARBONNEAU ,”

ou la critique du développement
exponentiel



le passager clandestin

Daniel Cérézuelle, *Bernard Charbonneau ou la critique du développement exponentiel*. Paris : Le passager clandestin, “Les Précurseurs de la décroissance” series (Serge Latouche, ed.), 2018.

Papers Collected by Christian Roy regarding Bernard Charbonneau

View this Academia webpage as well as <https://roychristian.academia.edu>

Some key articles on Bernard Charbonneau

Daniel Cérézuelle, “Critique de la modernité chez Charbonneau”, in Patrick TroudeChastenet, ed., *Sur Jacques Ellul*. Le Bouscat: L’Esprit du temps, 1994, pp. 6174.

Christian Roy, “Aux sources de l’écologie politique : le personnalisme gascon de Bernard Charbonneau et Jacques Ellul”, *Canadian Journal of History / Annales canadiennes d’histoire*, XXVII, April 1992, pp. 67-100.

Christian Roy, “Ecological Personalism: The Bordeaux School of Bernard Charbonneau and Jacques Ellul”, in *Ethical Perspectives* (organ of the European Ethics Network), vol. VI, no 1, April 1999, pp. 33-44 (summarized as document no. 698481 in Vol. 36 of *The Philosopher’s Index*, 2003), available online as a pdf at Ethical Perspectives.

Christian Roy, “Bernard Charbonneau’s Ecological Reflection on Violence and War in Society, the State and Revolution”, in *The Philosophical Journal of Conflict and Violence*, Vol. IV, Issue 2/2020, pp. 158-176, downloadable at https://trivent-publishing.eu/img/cms/9-%20Christian%20Roy_full.pdf.

Christian Roy, “Technological Society as Mediatized Society: An Introduction to Bernard Charbonneau’s Media Critique in its Bordeaux School Context”, in *New Explorations*, Vol. 2, No. 1 (Spring 2022), pp. 113-128, downloadable at <https://jps.library.utoronto.ca/index.php/nexj/article/view/37381/28670>.

Patrick Troude-Chastenet, “Bernard Charbonneau : Génie méconnu ou faux prophète?”, *Revue Internationale de Politique Comparée*, Vol. 4, No. 1, May 1997, pp.189-207.

Online interviews

“The Work of Bernard Charbonneau with Christian Roy”, November 11, 2020, <https://podtail.com/podcast/hermitix/the-work-of-bernard-charbonneau-with-christian-roy/>

Bernard Charbonneau Salon with Gerry Fialka, March 7, 2023, <https://www.youtube.com/@improbablywrongabouteveryt6781streams>.

The Ted K Archive

Bernard Charbonneau Bibliography
Summaries by Christian Roy

www.thetedkarchive.com